AN ENGLISHMAN STARTING A LACE MILL

THE INDUSTRY LANGUISHING IN NOTTINGHAM |

One of England's great industries-the manufacture of lace-will soon be firmly established in the United States. Nottingham, England, has long been a home of the lace and lace curtain industry; millions of dollars are invested in the business there, and each year products of the mills to the value of millions of

follars have been sent to this country. But before long, the few lace curtain manufacturers now in this country say, there will be a different state of allairs, instead of having the greatest lace curtain industry in the world, will have to be content, they with taking a place after the United States The Nottingham lace companies realize that America is the place for such an industry, and some of them are already preparing to bring their plants here. and to give employment to thousands of American wage-carners.

act. Before that measure became a law there was really no lace industry in this country that was doing what could be called a business. There were a few mills in Pennsylvania and elsewhere; but, with no protection, they struggled for existence and did not become an established industry until the McKinley act was passed. There are not many more mills in the country now, but fi is the prediction of men who are in a position to Know that within a few years, if the McKinley act is permitted to stand, the United States will lend the world in the lace and lace curtain in-

Kinley law is the corporation of the Wyandance Lace Company, which will soon have a plant at Wyandance, which will give employment for several hundred cople, who will receive American wages. The company was corporated only a week ago under the law New-Jersey, but already the workmen are engaged half of ground which the company owns. The officers of the company are: J. F. Forth, of Notting mm. Engof the company are: J. F. Forth, of the firm of Hillon, land, president; J. P. Chapman, of the firm of Hillon, Hughes & Denning, New-York, treasurer, and E. D. Prondway, secretary. Theodore B. Chapley, No. 45, Broadway, secretary. ingley, No. 65 Broadway, secretary. steele, James McCrosker and several other New-York ss men are directors.

"I was in the lace curtain business in Nottingham and was doing a good business there muil the inley act was passed," said Mr. Forth resterday. But when America saw fit to place a duty on lace and lace curtains the company I was interested in could not afford to send shipments to this country. we exported such a large quantity of lac-As we exported such a large quaptity of large and lace cartains to the United States it instartly crippled our business, and our profits were cut down. I, as an Englishman, thought it was an outrage to prevent us from doing business with Americans, but now see that it was a smart Yankee idea to get the industry over here. The Americans, I know, want to have plenty of lace, but they also want it to he made in this country. As it was simply a case of 'America proposes to have the industry,' I set about to take a hand in starting it. The result in my case is the Wyandauce Lace Company, with works on Long Island. We shall not start on a small We shall have seven machines with all the subsidiary machines, and within a twelve-month after we start we hope to double the number of machines and more than double the output. I came over here I soon found American

capitalists who were ready to make a good investment. The result is that not more than \$10,000 of the \$100,000 stock which we issued remains on our hands. Of course there will be some English capi-tal in the concern, but the American does not object to having Englishmen coming over here with capital if they only pay the workman American wages with

the money they bring across the water.

"The Wysndance Company will be in full working order three months from now. The reason we shall be ready so soon is that we shall have a comete plant brought over from Nottingham, England. We should have had to have the muchines made in we should have had to have the machines made in England anyhow, as they are not yet manufactured in this country. In a few years, no doubt, the machinery will be made here. The seven machines that are coming have been used at the mills in Nottingham, but they are as good as new, and as the Nottingham people have not had any use for since the McKinley act was passed, they might just as well be over here. Each of the machines weight five tons, and is in 30,000 pieces, so a person can how complicated it is, and how machines are made. It would be expensive to have to send to Nottingham every time a piece of the big machine broke. The delay would be expensive,

too. "We are already at work on the big brick mill which we shall need at Wyandance, and it will be ready by the time the machines reach this country. Then we shall begin to turn out just as fine lace as is made in Nottingham, and in time I know we shall n our lace in London. Everything to our ad-however, made no answering signal and ke antage. I now know is in this country. The bulk course. The collision was then inevitable. We shall soon be able to compete with English makers and the price of lace will go down before The only thing we shall need in the way of protection is a small duty, after we get a start, to vercome the cheap labor of the other side. If she could, or the lare companies at Nottingham, would out down the wages of the workmen to kill a growing industry here, and that is one reason why a

if she could, or the lace companies at Nottingham, would out down the wages of the workmen to hill a growing industry here, and that is one reason why a heavy duty is required now. Three or four years hence, after the industry has had a chance to get a good gip on American soil, only the smallest kind of a duty will be needed—just enough tariff to pay the American workman good wages, and no more. In that way the consumer will not be imposed upon. All lace articles will be cheaper and in the end better, for Yankee ingenuity will crop out.

"The mill at Wannance will not be imposed upon. All lace articles will be cheaper and in the end better, for Yankee ingenuity will crop out.

"The mill at Wannance will not only make lace curtains, but lace pillow shams, lace bed spreads and many other lace articles. & three goods are amounty explorted from Eugland to the United States to the value of millions of dollars, a person can implie what a great industry. He Nottungham people age not at all pleased with the McKinley law is creating for this country. The Nottungham people age not at all pleased with the McKinley act. They regard it as one of the most linamous megaures that was ever passed in the United States. They know that it will deprive Englasid of a large part of a great industry. At first trey did not think that mills would be started here, but now they know that they will, and they also realize that they are powerless to prevent the United States from getting possession of such a great industry.

"I used to be a champion of free trade, but since I have been in this country and have seen what a great country the protective policy has made here, and what still greater things the "The McKinley act does not increase the bank account of any of the Nottingham inflit owners, but it brings more money into this country. It gives employment to many more, it makes the country relates and more powerful; although at the country relates and more powerful; although at the country related that the policy had been and there will

The seven young women who were arrested when the disorderly houses, Nos. 12 and 14 Pell-st., were entered by the police were clad in gandy attire yesterwhen taken to the Tombs Police Court with their five Clifnese companions. They gave their names as Kitty Hurst, Mamle Wilson, Mamle King, Kate Miller, Emma Brown, Lillie Brown and Emmi These, they afterward admitted, were fictitions, and several of the women confessed to Justice on that they were married and that their husbands did not know that they were in the habit of consorting with Chinamen. A few of them told the truth as to the disgraceful scenes in the houses complained of, and said that they had been in the habit of visiting

The young women advanced excuses for their prese in the rooms with the Chinamen, but when coracred by Justice McMahon they realized that falsehoods

would not save them, and admitted that they went there for immoral purposes. With the exception of Mamie Wilson and Emma Benecke, who were dis-charge, they were each fined \$10. The Wilson and Benecke women were held as witnesses against the heepers of the places, who are yet to be arrested. The Chinamen, who said their names were Lee Toy, Woo Lee, Lee Boy, Sam Woh and Lum Quong, were fined \$10 each. All paid their fines and were released.

CRITICISMS ON CENTRAL PARK.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY SMITH REPLIES-SHOULD THE TREES BE THINNED OUT!

Statements reflecting upon the management of the Park Department and the failure of the Commission ors to take soites of and to institute means for reme dying abuses pointed out by Commissioners Daly and Wahle, of the Eureau of Accounts, in the report of their tuvestigation of the Central Park Zoological collection, have been published recently. Complaints also of incivility and carelessness on the part of some of the Park employes, and of the slovenly appearance of certain parts of the Park, were referred to and were said to receive no attention. In addition to management, copious criticisms have appeared re garding the management of the Central Park trees shrubbery. The reason given for the decadence was that there were too many trees in the Fark; that they were so thick that there was a constant struggle among them for bare existence. A wholesome thin ning out of trees all over the Park was advised.

Assistant Secretary Clinton H. Smith, who was it charge of the department in the absence of the Commissioners and Secretary Burns yesterday, said that no complaints of the description referred to had been received by the Commissioners. "If there is anything wrong with the methods or manners of park em ployes," Mr. Smith said, "which has escaped the obervation of the Commissioners and the higher officials, they are anxious to know it, and would be thankful for information on the subject. But so far no state ments showing a want of satisfaction with Central Park management have been lodged here to my knowl-As to the report of the Commissioners of Ac counts, the nesistant secretary did not care to speak He thought, however, that the Park Commissioner liction brought to their notice. A number of dell quent park officials either had been dismissed, or their resignations demanded, which amounted to the same thing. The recommendations of the Ac

Regarding the accusation that thererees in Central Park than there should be, and that a general thinning out was necessary to promote their growth and development. Mr. Smith said that many persons might not agree with the critic. Ideas of beauty in trees as well as of their treatment and care differed widely. It was a part of the duty of Superintendent Parsons to look after this branch of the department, and most people would say that it department, and most people would say

THE KPARSARGE SAILS AWAY.

A communication from the Department at Washing was received at the Navy Yard yesterday, stating that telegraphic orders to sail had already been sent directly to the Kearsurge instead of through medium of the commandant at the Yard. It wis carned that in accordance with these orders the Fast River on Sunday morning, and passing the Navy Yard about 7,200 o'clock, went out to sea past sandy Hook a Hitle later. The vessel has started for Honduras to protect American interests there during have salled last week, but as more penceful reports came from Honduras her departure was delayed. Then, however, came further reports of the deedof the insurgents, and the vessel First she is to go to Key West, to take on to Consul Burchard there. The officers of the Kenrsarge are as follows: Commander, A. S. Crown inshield, commanding; Lientenant Charles T. Forse, surgeon, Arthur G. Cabell; assistant surgeon, Adrian Alfred : paymaster, James E. Cann : Lieutenants H. Anred, pages 14. Officer and Winder, and English Samuell, Hurlbut and Frank M. Russell, watch officers second figurement of marines, Clarence L. A. Togathe. odets, Austin R. Davis, Aaron L. Gamille, J. S. Jay H. Sypher and Frederick A. Traut.

TO INVESTIGATE THE COLLISION. The place of the Pilits Island ferryboat Shackamaxon

which was in collision with the Old Pominion steam ship City of Columbia on Sunday, was taken yesterday afternoon the latter was relieved by the ferryboat City of Newburg, which come down the Hudson River and did the ferry service for the rest of the day The Shackamaxon is now at Port Richmond, St Island. She is leaking badly, and her pumps have to be kept going constantly. The master of the old Dominion bout filed his complaint yesterday, and places the blame of the collision on the Shackamaxon. He alleges that he blew one whistle, reversed his engines and put his helm to port. The ferrybout, however, made no answering signal and kept on her of the cotton used in making lace articles is produced | David Beene, of the Shackamaxon, gives as his story of the affair a different version. He says in his report, which he flied yesterday with the Board of steamboat inspectors, that his boat had hardly got clear of Eliis Island when he saw the City of Columbia, which was appearently heading so as to pass under the stern of the Shackamaxon. Suddenly she changed her course, blew a single whistle and before the Elli-siand boat had time to univer, crushed into the port-side and caused serious damage. The steamboat in-spectors will investigate the whole matter and en-denvor to fix the blame where it belongs.

> MORE ICE IN THE SOUTH ATLANTIC. The British ship New City, of St. John, N. B., which arrived here yesterday, ninety four days from Taltal. reports that on June 20, at 2 p. m., two large ice height. Three hours later nine more were in sight, many of them of great size. During the night thirteen were passed, and when day dawned nineteen, forming a huge field of floating ice, could be seen from the musthend. One of these was judged to be ten miles in length and 150 feet high. This ice drift appeared to lay in an east and west direction. There is no doubt that this immense tog-field will drift to the northward of south latitude 40 degrees 3 minutes be-fore it reaches Cape of Good Hope, and will prove to be a formidable obstacle in the way of vessels bound

TO HAVE ANOTHER CRACK AT THE RECORD.

The luman line steamship City of New-York, which was due to arrive here on Wednesday, will not arrive until Saturday. The vessel was put in the dry-dock at Liverpool and thoroughly overhauled. Her ma-chinery was inspected, and her bottom scraped and repainted. When the time came to put the big vessel overboard again the tide in the Mersey was too low for the launching, and the steamship had to remain an unwilling prisoner for four days. On Sunday she sailed from Queenstown at 1 o'clock p. m., and after her overhanding and painting will doubtless make an effort to break the record made by the White Star boat Teutonic last week, when that vessel came over in five days, eighteen hours and fifty minutes.

NO HOPE YOU SCANLAN, THE COMEDIAN. W. J. Scanlen, the comedien, who was committed to the Bloomingdale Asylum for the Insune several months ago, is growing worse, and will soon be in the last stages of parosis. Although he is apparently improved in physical paresis. Although he is apparently improved in physical health, and has gained in flesh, his mind is steadily giving way. His namager, Augustus Pitou, is not in the city, but it was said yesterday by one of Mr. Pitou's agents that all hope of Mr. Scanlan's recovery had been abandoned. Occasionally the comedian is rational.

Another company will sood be organized to present "Mayourneen," the play in which Mr. Scaulan just ap-

BRYAN G. M'SWYNY RELEASED.

Bryan G. McSwyny, the Broadway shordcaler, who was put in Ludiow Street Jail on August 3 because he failed to pay his wife, Catharine McSwyny, \$10 a week for support. se ordered by the court, was yesterday released from custerly by Judge Andrews of the Supreme Court. In the hearing before the Judge the defendant's attorney ruleed the point that no formal demand for the money had been made upon McSwyny I-v the plaintiff. Judge Andrews sus-tained the defendant's pleading and ordered his discharge

ARCHEISHOPS CORRIGAN AND IRELAND. A Tribone reporter went to Archbishop Corrigan ye

ertain whether any new developments had

Brandreth's Pills cure rheumatism, dyspepsia, piles, liver complaint, biliousness, and any disease arising from an impure state of the blood. One or two at night on an empty stomach, for a week or two, will keep you in good form and tone up the system.

Ireland. He said that nothing new had occurred, and that he thought the matter had been dropped. He added that he did not intend to pay any more attention to state.

THE WEDDING DID NOT TAKE PLACE,

DIVORCED, AND MI'S RHINE WAS DISAPPOINTED.

John Le Roy Thorpe, who is a prisoner in Jefferson Market Juli, charged with larceny, sent word on Saturday to Justice White that he would like to marry Miss Phillia Rhine, whom he had taken from her home in New-Haven. Miss Rhine, as did her parents, be-lieved that she had been married to Thorpe. She is and is now so crippled that she has to use crutches. She appealed to superintendent Blake of the outdoor poor for relief, and it appears that a serious charge was to be made against Thorpe when the larceny case was disposed of. In order, it is claimed, to avoid this, the fellow asked Justice White to marry them. He declined to perform the ceremony, but added that

he decaned to perform the ceremony, but added that he had no objection to a clergyman officiating. Yesterday morning Policeman Gardener, of the Court squad, went to St. Luke's Episcopal Church, No. 483 Hudson st., and asked that a clergyman come to court and make the couple man and wife, sistant rector, J. S. Dunn, called as requested, but upon learning that Thorpe had already been married refused to proceed further in the matter. The dergy-man was informed by Thorpe that he had been married, but had also been divorced. Wife No. 1 is now living in Brooklyn. The clergyman proposed that Thorpe should send for her, and if she admitted that she had been legally divorced from the prisoner, then the marriage ceremony could proceed, but not other

Miss Rhine pleaded that she was anxious married, under existing circumstances. She exhibited letters written to her by the prisoner, in which she was address as "My Dear Wife," and added that she could produce witnesses to whom Thorpe introduced her as his wife in this city. Thorpe was ready and willing to be married, Miss Rhine was weeping, the clergyman was full of sympathy, but he had a sacred duty to perform.
At this juncture Justice White stepped into the

conference-room and remarked; "I will have to refuse to permit the wedding to take place unless the record is made clear. If this young man can show that he stands legally divorced, then I will permit the ceremony to be proceeded with."

"I do not intend to perform the ceremony," remarked the clergyman. "I have told the young man what it is necessary for him to do. Let him do so, and I will marry them." "Then you had better do what the dergyman sug-

rests, said Justice White to Thorpe.

When a reporter accosted Clergyman Dunn, he remarked: "I hate newspaper men. I will have nothing to say to you, you tell so many Bes. You will get nothing out of me. I wen't say anything. Now,

go; get out of here."

When Thorpe had been sent back to his cell, and
Miss Rhine left the courtroom, an old man who gave
his name as James Spencer, living at No. 115 Court
at., Brooklyn, told the court officers that his mission
was to prevent the intended marriage. Thorpe's wife,
Florence Floyd, he added, was a visitor, with her
two year-old daughter, at Mr. spencer's house, and had
told him that she was not divorced from Thorpe.

THE ENGINEER BLAMED FOR THE COLLISION. Henry L. Goodwin, of No. 18 Exchange Place, res

rday wrote to the United States Steamboat Inspectors en indignant description of a collision between hieam yacht, the Laxen, and a tugbont, the Mary J. at Whitestone, L. I., on Sunday. The yacht was at anchor when the tag ran into her, doing no great damage however. Mr. Goodwin believed that some of those on the tug were drunk, and that the engineer went ahead at full speed when the pilot signalled him to go astern. The Mary J. did not bear the name of her home part on her stern.

Mrs. Salamone, an Italian woman, twenty three years ild, was found to be ill with smallpex at No. 71 Th impson-st, on Sunday, and was sent to the Reception Hos pital, in East Sixteenth st. She died there yesterday John Edwards, a patient received at tionverneur Hospital on Sunday, was found to be suffering from smallpox, and he was sent to North Brother Island yesterday. Other smallpox patients who were sergies, a child, of No. 968 East One-hundred and staty first st.; Annie Fisher, three years old, No. 74 South Fifth ave. Littel Boyllon, fifty dx years old, No. 565 Broome st., and Carmen Incite, blarty five years old, No. 39 Thompson st.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE LAKE SHORE ACCIDENT. Erie, Penn., Aug. 8 Special).-The investigation Railroad near Krie on Friday was completed to day before Coroner Baker and a jury. They found that the train-dispatcher, Simon Leet, of Buffalo, was guilty of gross negligence and disobedience of orders in not advising the crew of No. 173 of the movements of No. 37, and deserved severe censure; also that the engineer, John M. Hart, was guilty of car engineer, John M. Hart, was guilty of carelessness and neglect of duty in not keeping a proper lookout for danger ahead. The jury strongly consured the railroad officials for allowing their subordinates to disregard the imperative rule requiring a copy of orders governing the train ahead to be given to the train immediately following.

INVITATION TO PURPMEN'S COMPANIES.

Ex-Chief Michael Crane, who has been appointed narshal of the Volunteer Firemen's column in the Columbus periode of October 12, has issued an in-vitation to the Volunteer, Exempt and Veteran Firemen's organizations of the state of New-York asking them to take part in the celebration in the Firemen's Division. These desiring to participate are requested o send to Marshal Crane at his headquarters in the Fasex Market Building a list, giving name of company or organization, names of officers, the city, town or village represented, and specifying the siyles and colors of uniform and apparatus.

A SOMNAMBULIST HAS A PALL.

By walking out of a third-story window into the real yard of the tenement-house No. 1,126 Second ave., early yesterday morning, William Sheehey broke his arm and several of his ribs, and received dangerous Internal injuries. He was believed to be dying in Bellevue Hospital yesterday. Sheehey was a longshoreman, thirty two years old. He could not talk when he was carried to the hospital, but his wife said he undoubtedly had walked out of the window in his They moved into the house in Second ave. only two weeks ago. Before that they had lived in house where he could walk from his bedroom on the ground floor straight through the hallway to the hydrant in the lack yard, and he frequently got up at night and went out to get a drink at the hydrant.

A DESERTED WIVE SEEKS HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. Yetta Berg, a young German woman, went to Police Headquarters to make inquiries for her los usband yesterday, and she told a pathetic story to Sergeant Hanley, in the Bureau of Information. She cloped from Germany with Adolph Berg a year ago and they were married after they arrived in this city Then they went to Chicago, where Adolph started it business for himself in a machine shop. The business did not prosper, and he sold it a few weeks ago. On Friday he and his wife returned to New-York, and went to live at No. 82 Chrystie st. He left there with \$1 in her pocket on Saturday, and disappeared. The police thought yesterday that he had deserted her, she is in a delicate condition and unable to support

CYBUS W. FIELD'S COUNTRY HOME NOT SOLD. There is no foundation for the rumor that Cyrus W Field's country home at Ardsley Park, near Dobba Ferry, has been sold. The will of Mr. Field has not yet been admitted to probate, and until that legal step has been taken none of the property can be sold.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Supreme Court-General Term-Recess continued. Supreme Court-Shambers-Before Andrews, J.-Motion lendar, Nos. I to 21, called at 11 o'clock. Supreme Court-Special Term-Parts 1 and II-Ad-cerned for the bern? Supreme Court-Special
mirred for the term
Circuit Court-Parts I, II, III and IV-Adjourned for the term.
Surrogate's Court.—For protate: Wills of Michael
Hacker, 10 s. m.: Lizzie H. Perkins, Louis W. Morris,
and Savah T. Hell, 10:30 s. m.
Common Pieza—Special Term—Before Giegerich, J.— Motions.
Common Pleas-Trial Term-Parts I, II and III-Adjourned for the term.
Superior Court-Special Term-Before Freedman, J.Motions.
Superior Court-Trial Term-Parts I, II and IIIAdjourned for the term. d for the term. Court-Special Term-Before Fitzstmons, J.-Mo.

tions.

(ity Court-Trial Term-Parts I, II, III and IV-Adjourned for the term.

Court of General Sessions—Part I—Before Martine, J.,

and Assistant District-Attorney Davis-Nos. I to 8, in-Court of General Sessions-Part II-Refore Cowing, Assistant District-Attorney Bedford-Nos. 1 to

TARRANT & CO. LOSE TWO OF THEIR THREE RULLDINGS.

THORPE COULD NOT PROVE THAT HE HAD BEEN | LESS THAN A WEEK AGO A FIRE OCCURRED AT THE SAME PLACE-EXPLOSIONS AND STIFLING PMOKE DRIVE THE

FIREMEN BACK-Two of the three buildings owned and occupied by Tarpant & Co., manufacturing and wholesale druggists at Greenwich and Warren sts., were burned out yester. day morning. They are Nos. 280 and 282 Greenwich st., five-story structures with brownstone fronts. The Reved that she had been married to have the h business there in 1834. Carelessness by the Fire Department, or by the

Insurance Patrol, permitted the fire yesterday, it was said. There was a fire in the second story of the building, No. 282 Greenwich-st., on Wednesday night, but it was extinguished, apparently, after it had burned through the third floor in places. After the firemen went away the Insurance Patrol had charge of the building. A smell of smoke, but no other sign of fire, was noticed in the building on Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Mr. Miller, a fire insurance adjuster, was in the building on Sunday, taking account of stock and making estimates of damage. Several assistants and a mean from the Insurance Patrol were with him. None of them noticed anything suspicious then. Miller and the assistants went back to work there yesterday morn Members of the drug firm and their employes attending to business in the other two buildings. T. F. Main, the superintendent, was overlooking the morning mail at 8 a. m., when some one ran to him the fire had broken out again in No. 282. One of Mr. Miller's assistants had gone up to the fourth floor, and had seen smoke rising through holes which the firemen had cut in the floor on Wednesday night. Apparently some sparks had been left to smoulder in the fleor beams, and the fire had eaten its way slowly in the spaces under the floor until it had got a fresh start.

An attempt to put out the fire with hand gr falled, and an alarm was rung to call the firemen again. By the time the first fire engine arrived the flames were spreading rapidly in the upper stories, and a second slarm was sounded. A third call was sent little later when the fire had extended into the ada fittle inter were the fire had extended into the buildings, and only one person was hurt. P. H. Schulter, one of the employes, had his finger ent severely by a piece of broken glass.

The burning drugs in the two buildings made a hot fire, and frequent slight explosions kept the firemen road in Greenwich-st, were blocked for an hour, while the Bremen took possession of the structure from it directed streams of water into the burning building. The water ran down through the lower stories and flowed out into the street, scalding hot. R. W. Bullock and William St. John, young men wh were at work rescuing some of the firm's papers and other things on the ground floor, had their feet and legs scalded severely by the hot water. The smoke from the urning chemicals half choked some of the firemen, who were near the buildings. The Homemade Hotel, at No. 284 Greenwich-st., was believed to be in danger at one time, and the boarders took their baggage out their rooms, but the firemen prevented damage to the hotel. The flames were kept out of the old building. No. 278 also, but it was flooded with water.

The less of the drug firm by both fires was said to be nearly \$100,000. Mr. Main said the firm had about \$250,000 invested in the three buildings and their contents. The buildings were insured for \$46,000 in about twenty companies, and the insur

#1
rovidence and Wash
Western 3,875 Newark 1,500 Security 2,250 Union 2,250 Irondway 2,250 Sturveaut 2,550 Merchant 2,250

DISASTROUS FLAMES IN BALTIMORE. Paltimore, Aug. 8 .- One of the most disastrous fire

this morning in John Chatterton & Co.'s furniture factory, No. 13 South Frederick'st. The fire telegraph system was out of order, and the information of the fire was borne to the department by a police man, after several failures to send in the signal from the boxes. When the fremen arrived the building was a mass of finnes. Owing to the intense heat nd the dense smoke the firemen were unable

The intense heat set fire to the roof of No. 15 S Frederick st., a three story brick building occupied by Green & Co. as the Hope Brass Works, which was also in a few minutes a mass of flames. on the north, a three story heliding, was fixed by the names, and so electron Hall, Nos. 9, 7 and 5, on the north, was also threatened at times. About 9:15 the fire in the Chatterton Building began to subside, the inflammable material storel in it having burned itself out, and From that time on the flames were gradually brought under control, and the firemen were musters of the situation.

The books and papers of John Chatterton & Co. vere in their two safes in the office on the second were in their two sales in the onice of the second figure. The contents of the large safe are supposed to be intact. In a smaller one were some valuable records and papers. This safe is supposed to have been open. The estimated loss on the buildings and stock will reach \$200,000. The burned buildings and stock were well insured.

NOT TO ESTABLISH A NEW LINE,

The statement made on Sunday, to the effect that Mossageries Maritimes, whose stemmship lines now teach from France to India, China and Japan, intended to establish a new line to New York, seems to be without foundation. At the office of the French line yesterday afternoon nothing had been heard of any such projected line, and a Tribune reporter who called here was, assured that if any such extension of the Messageries Maritimes was intended the news of it would be known at that office. Paul d'Abzac, the French Consul here, said that no news of the kind had

WILL NOT TALK ABOUT THE LOST PACKAGE.

At the office of the Adams Express Company yesterday morning the superintendent and ficers of the company refused to talk of the package containing \$60,000 said to have been stillen from the office at No. 59 Broadway. The loss is said to have occurred several weeks ago, and the officers of the company have taken great pains to prevent the fact becoming public. A clerk in the office was



Both the methods and results when Syrup of Fig. is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently, yet promptly, on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleansing the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only rem-edy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach. Prompt in its aconly from the more healthy and agreeable sub-stances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all, and have made it the most popular remedy

known.

Ayrup of Figs is for sale in 50c, and \$1 bottles
by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist
who may not have it on hand will procure it
promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do
not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO..

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW-YORK, N. Y.

New-Haven by train. He had them spread on the THE FALL RIVER MURDERS. The loss was not discovered until Messenge Orr arrived in New-Haven, and it was thought some one had picked up one of the packages while they were lying on the office floor. The money was going to the Home Bank at Meriden, Conn.

KETCHAM DID NOT STEAL MUCH.

EMPLOYED HIM.

HOW HE ROBBED THE FALL RIVER LINE, WHICH

S. A. Gardner, superintendent of the Fall River line, when seen in his office, pler No. 28, North River, yesterday by a Tribune reporter, about the thefts of George Ketcham, the Brooklyn man who has Just been found to be a bigamist, said that the amount which Keicham had taken from the company had been grossly exaggerated in some of the reports. Ketcham had been dock superintendent for Borden & Love'l. the New-York agents of the company, since 1886. It was his duty to receive the wages of those employes who could not be present on pay day, and to give re-celpts for them on the payrolls. He performed this service for certain men who worked at night. Be-dides this, it occasionally happened that other men would be absent on pay day on account of sickness

or other causes.

When Ketcham placed one or more fictitious names upon the payroll and drew the money which was sup-posed to be due them the fraud was not immediately noticed. This could not have continued long without detection, neither could be have taken more than \$20 or \$30 a week in this manner. Mr. Gardner was not prepared to say how much the company had lost, as it was difficult to distinguish the bogus names from the rest. The amount solen was known to be small.

The company bas not taken active steps to secure
the arrest of Ketcham.

TWO CLEVER SNEAK-THIEVES CAPTURED.

PLUNDER FROM A BROADWAY JEWELRY HOUSE POUND IN THEIR POSSESSION.

Captain McLaughlin and Detective Madden, of the Sincteenth Precinct, captured two clever sneak-thieves on Saturday, and on Sunday afternoon armigned their prisoners in Jefferson Market Police Court, where they charged with the larceny of \$1,200 worth of jewelry. The prisoners were Frank J. Sullivan, an ex-convict, who served eighteen months in the prison at Charlestown, Mass., for counterfeiting, and William (Conference of the Conference of t loodwin, a sneak-thief, who is known to the police as William Harris, allas Smith. Goodman, on July 23, 1863, was sent to State prison for four years for robbing a lewelry store, and a year ago was arrested in Hoboken in company with a "crook" named McGee, for robbery, and was sent to prison for five years, but was subsequently pardoned,

About noon on Saturday Sullivan and Goodman were welking up Broadway, when they were met by Captain McLeughlin and Detective Madden. Goodman had a small parcel under his sem, and as the captain knew Goodman and his companion were "crooks," he placed them under arrest and took them to the Thirtieth st. stution house. The packings was found to be a cigar-box filled with diamond-studded scarsholders, gold combs set with diamonds, and silver collar buttons. Yesterday Captain McLaughlin learned that the Jewelry was the property of the John A. Riley & Sloan Comsufacturers of jewelry at No. 860 Broadway. Mr. Riley had not missed any jewelry, blit on looking over his stock he found that a tray of scarf-holders and a tray of gold and diamond combs had Mr. Riley identified the jewelry as his disappeared. Mr. Riley Remained having seen either property, but did not remember having seen either Sullivan or Goodman in his store on Saturday.

Sullivan and Goodman both denied the charge of larceny, and said the package had been given to them by a stranger to hold. Justice White held the accused for further examination in default of \$2,500 ball each.

ARMY AND NAVY INTELLIGENCE.

Washington, Aug. 8.-The United States steamer Baltimore was to day ordered to proceed from Tacoma, Wash., to Port Townsend.

It is understood that the North Atlantic squadron which arrived this morning at Bar Harbor will remain there for some days, but the subsequent movements of the vessels are somewhat uncertain, though it is probable that aummer manoeuvres in Long Island sound and its vicinity will be held later. The Navy Department is informed that the gunbout

Bennington arrived at Cadiz, Spain, on the 6th inst, two days from Huelva. The Newark is also at Cadiz. Captain William P. Hall, 5th Cavalry, will repair to this city and report in person at headquarters of the Army. The appointments in the Army of the following-named officers and their assignments to regir are announced: Second Lieutenant Robert Sewell, to the 7th Cavalry, Troop P; Second Lieutenant William H. Morford, to the 3d Infantry, Company C; Second Lieutenant Wilbur E. Deve, to the 12th Infantry, Com pany C. The following assignments to regime officers recently promoted are ordered:

Cavalry arm-Colonel George B. Sanford, to the 6th Lieutenant-Colonel Barid S. Gordon, to the 5th Cavalry; Lieutenant-Colonel Louis H. Carpenter, to the 2d Cavalry; Major Moses Harris, to the 8th Cavalry; Major Moses Harris, to the 8th Cavalry; Major Francis Moore, to the 5th Cavalry ; Captain John Pitcher, to the 1st Cavalry, Troop M. Captain Charles W. Taylor, to the 9th Cavalry, Troop C; First Lieutenant John L. Haines, to the 1st Cavalry, Troop E; First First Lieutenant Samuel Reber, to the 9th Cavalry,

Artillery arm-Captain Ramsay D. Potts, to the 3d Artillery, Eattery G; First Licatenant Elmer W. Hub-bard, to the 3d Artillery, Battery L; First Licatenant John K. Cree, to the 5d Artillery, Battery M.

Infantry; Cuptain Hobart K. Balley, to the 5th Infantry, Company I; Captain Charles J. Crane, to the 24th Infantry, Company F; First Lieutenant Frank McIntyre, to the 3d Infantry, Company K; First Lieutenant Harry Freeland, to the 5th Infantry, Company II; First Lieutenant Frank G. Kulk, to the 24th Infantry, Company R; First Lieutenant David J Baker, ir., to the 24th Infantry, Company G.

Leave of absence for two months is granted to First Lieutenant Roger B. Bryan, 24 Cavalry. The leave of sence granted to Colonel Charles Page, assistant eurgeon-general, is extended one month.

An army retiring board having found Captain Will-

An army refiring board inving found Captain William W. Daugherty, 22d infantry, incapacitated for active service, he is, by direction of the acting Secretary of War, relieved from further duty in connection with the Hilliots National Guard, and will proceed to its home and report thence by letter to the adjunations of the Army, will report to the examining board at Fort Walla Walla, Washington, for examination for examination

A QUEER CASE OF HYDROPHORIA. Pittsburg, Penn., Aug. 8,-Fifteen years ago this

month, while playing on the street, John Alles was pounced upon by a big dog. Before he could escape the dog tore a piece out of his leg, just above the the dog fore a piece out of the less with the wound, but it healed up finally and nothing more was thought of it until a year afterward to the day, when the little fellow became sick. As the day wore on he became excitable and feverish, but could not bear the sight of water. At 4 o'clock, the hour of the day when he had been bitteff a year before, he was seized with a spasm. Four strong men were required to hold him while he writhed and barked like a dog and foamed at the month. After his strength had been exhausted, he became unconscious and was out to bed. When he awoke the trouble was gone. He was wenk and exhausted, but perfectly rational. The day, from the moment when he was selzed with the first at thek, was a blank to him and he could not believe the stories they told him of his actions. In a day or two he was as well as ever. Every year afterward, at the same time of the year, at the same hour he suffered a return of the attack, and each time fully recovered within a few days. As he grew to manhood the attacks became more violent, and it required more force to control him, but otherwise there was no change. He is now undergoing the tortures of his fourteenth attack and twelve strong men are insufficient to control him. Alles is a member of a real estate and insurance firm. He is twenty-seven years old.

TROUBLES OF BUSINESS MEN. Warren W. Foster has been appointed receiver in

applementary proceedings for Peter Buckel, lager beer ewer, of Nos. 148 to 100 East Fifty-eighth-st. in the suit of C. & L. Heidenheimer.

An attachment has been granted in this city against

in favor of Edward U. Loose, Deputy sheriff Mulvaney has received an attachment

SENATOR HARRIS TO INTERCEDE FOR COL. KING.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 8.-A dispatch from Chat-"Senator Isham G. Harris passed through the city yesterday from Washington, en route to Nashville, where he goes to intercede with Governor Buchanan for a commutation of the death sentence of Colonel H. Clay King."

NO LIGHT YET SHED ON THE MYSTERY.

MANY CLEWS PROVE WORTHLESS WHEN FOL-LOWED UP BY THE POLICE.

Fall River, Mass., Aug. 8.-The clothes worn by

the victims of the Borden murder, and which were buried in the yard, were dug up this afternoon and spread out on the grass for the inspection of Medical Examiner Dolan. He picked from several parts of the clothes a quantity of bair from Mrs. Borden's her which he placed in two parcels, and took it with hi to his carriage. He would say nothing as to the cause of resurrecting the clothing, but after making his examination he ordered it to be placed in a she case and buried four feet below the surface of the lot. To-day's prolonged search did not result in any clews, nor did the officers feel at its conclusion that there was any cause for expecting more deve ments. Portions of the chimney were dug away by a mason, and the barn floor was torn up. Hilliard said the search was of value in showing that whoever the assassin was his tracks were completely covered from view. All the afternoon the police have been at fever heat, and have succeeded in running down seven out out of nine clews. There was a grand round-up by all the officials engaged in detective business at the Wilgur House at 1 o'clock. District-Attorney Knowlton, of New-Bedford, was expected, but falled to appear. Dr. Dolan will probably ask for

opportunity to formulate a complaint. The theory that the marder was committed by man who was seen sitting on the garden fence half an hour before the murders were discovered, has been ex-ploded. The man seen by Mrs, Nathan Chase picking pears has come to light. His name is Patrick Mc-Gowan, a mason's helper, employed by John Crowe. Mr. Crowe occupies a barnyard in Third-st., in the rear of Dr. Kelly's house, which is next south of the Borden house. The yard into which the man dropped when Mrs. Chase shook her garment at him, is used by Mr. Crowe for the storage of old lumber. State Detective Seaver and Detective McHenry, of Providence, were looking for this man and found him. McGowan says that while on the fence he saw no one

an inquest during the week, as soon as he has an

in the Borden yard.

Detective seaver states that one of the two b found in the cellar was examined under a powerful glass, and two hairs were found adhering to it.

The inmates of the house are all sufering from nervous prostration, Miss Lizzie and the servant girl particularly. The servant girl, Bridget Sullivan, spent most of yesterday with some friends, and also slept at their house. She returned this morning. In all her travels she was watched closely by a policeman. This afternoon Mr. Morse went down Second st. Among the callers at the house was the Rev. J. Walker Jubb, of the Central Congregational Church, who yesterday preached a sermon bearing on the affair

He made a pastor's call only. Hartford, Conn., Aug. 8.-George B. Fish, of this Hartford, Conn., Aug. 8.—George B. Fish, of this city, whose wife is the sister of the murdered Mrs. Borden, of Fall River, in a published interview to-day says that he believes Lizzie Borden and J. V. Morse concocted the deed and hired some one to do it. Ilyzie and Emma Borden, are step-daughters of the murdered woman, and have never been on good terms with her, owing to trouble over the division of a small property left by the girls' mother to Mr. Horden, who gave it to the second, wife instead of to the girls.

MEXICAN REVOLUTIONISTS AGAIN ACTIVE. Rio Grande City, Tex., Aug. 8.-The Mexican

ofugees on this side of the border are again on the warpath and are endeavoring to work up another Lorenzo Garcia, who commands the Northern Military Zone of Mexico, with headquarters at Meler, received word that a band of revolutionists had opened a recruiting station and established their rendezvous at the Jabafine ranch, below this city. General Garcia at once telegraphed the information to General Frank Wheaton, commanding the Military Department of Texas, and the latter ordered Second Lieutenant George L. Langhorne, of the 3d Cavalry, stationed here at Fort Ringgrold, to proceed with a detachment of thirty men from Troops A and C immediately to the scene of the reported revolutionary gathering. The troops left here two days ago and nothing has since been heard from them. It looks as though the Mexican revolutionists along the Rio Grande border have entered upon their second winter cam-paign against Mexico. United States Marshal Paul Feick and his posse are still searching for Catarins Garza northwest of here.

KILLED BY FIVE HUNDRED VOLIS.

Port Huron, Mich., Aug. 8 .- Newton Talbot, a itneman employed by the City Electric Company, was almost instantly killed at 9 o'clock this morning. He was working on the trolley wire at the time and came in contact with a guy wire. He was rescued almost instantly, but he did not live. The short duration of the contact and the fact that the current

LAWLESSNESS IN WYOMING.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Aug. 8 .- Dispatches received from ntenant Cecil Siewart, to the 4th Cavalry, Trook K; mation of the President, calling on armed men to disperse, have been shot into wherever posted. is for the most part the work of "rustler" sympathirers. Nearly all of the men to whom the procla-mation was directed, including especially the murder ers of Deputy United States Marshal Wellman, are John K. Cree, to the 3d Artillery, Battery M. John K. Cree, to the 3d Artillery M. Infantry; Lieutenant-Colonel Daniel W. Henham, to special officers sont from here to arrest the leading the 7th Infantry; Major Charles C. Hood, to the 7th cuttaws remain in Buffalo. They are advised that in scarching the country they would be ambushed. The political leaders of the "rustler" district are organ iring the People's party and will place in the field a state ticket, headed by Joseph Hurt, a sheep-raiser, defeated for the Gubernatorial nomination in the Democratic Convention last week.

THE CAVALEY AND THE CAITLEMEN

El Reno, Ok., Aug. 8,-The three troops of cavalry camped at Enid are proceeding slowly toward ejecting the great herds of cattle that have been grazing in that neighborhood. Summary action on the part of the soldiers has been delayed because the cattlemen are making hoste to remove their herds. The orders of Governor Humphrey and Governor Seay to the sheriffs of the border counties of Kansus and Oklahoma have worked a hardship to the cuttlemen which they did not calculate on, necessitating shipments by Since Friday morning the Rock Island has rail. Since Friday morning the Rock Island has shipped nearly 100 train-loads from Enid, Pond Creek and Bird's Point, and it was said this morning that there would be 30,000 head transported to Kansas City by Tuesday right. Some of the herds that started west from Enid for the Parhandie were driven back on account of the intense heat and will be shipped, although at a considerable loss, the owners claim.

EXPECISES OF THE SEASIDE ASSEMBLY.

Avon-by-the-Sea, N. J., Aug. 8 (Special).-The Rev. Dr. Peters led the devotional exercises at the Senside Assembly this Morning. Frederick Dean continued his course of lectures on the history of music; his subject to-day was Mozart. To-morrow Mr. Dean will begin a series of lectures on Ludwig von Beethoven. Madame Alberti and her large classes are working hard rehearsing for three entertainments to be given this week, one at Belmar to-morrow, one here on Friday, and one on Saturday at Point Pleasant. The art class Alexander Black, of Brooklyn, delivered a lecture in the Auditorium this evening on "Ourselves as Others See Us." The lecture was illustrated by stereoptical views.

BOLL WORMS IN TEXAS COTTON FIELDS.

Salldo, Tex., Aug. 8 .- Reports of the boll worm still continue to come in. J. B. Knight brings in stalks of fine-looking cotton, every boil of which is destroyed. One of his neighbors offers 100 acres of cotton for \$1 an acre. Many plantations are com pletely ruined.

Stafford's Point, Tex., Aug. 8,-Planters in this section are complaining of their fine cotton crops being destroyed by the boll worms. Pulcher, Tex., Aug. 8.—Boll worms are playing

bayor in many fleids, and nothing can be done to stay their ravages.

Dragooning Won't Do! Not with the liver. Violent cholavorues, like calenda

and blue pill, administered in "heroic" or excessive doses, Robert J. Anderson, of Minneapolis, Minn., for \$15,000 as they aften are, will not permanently restore the activity of the great hepatic organ, and are productive of much mischief to the system generally. Institute a healthful re-Company, of No. 42 Cortlandt-st. and No. 136 Liberty. st., in favor of Eleganor E. Doran, and has solved the dynamo and other property of the company. the bowels without griping or weakening them. The discomfort and tenderness in the right side, nausca, fur upon the tongue, yellowness of the skin and cycballs, sourness of the breath and sick headache, which character-He chronic biliousness, disappear, and digestion—aiways interfered with by biliousness—resumes its former activity. The Bitters annihilates malarial complaints, rheumatism kidness trouble, and is a promoter of healthful repose.